

RFP QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Updated August 8, 2010

DELAWARE GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION PROJECTS GRANT PROGRAM

1. **Question:** One of the items on the eligible project table is performing a GHG inventory. Are municipalities and/or local governments the only types of entities eligible to receive grants for GHG inventory projects, or could businesses in Delaware also be eligible to receive a grant to conduct a GHG inventory of their operations?

Answer: The grant program is open to Delaware businesses. As you will note in the Applicant Eligibility portion of the RFP, Delaware based Businesses are included.

"APPLICANT ELIGIBILITY:

Delaware-based businesses, state/municipal agencies, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) such as business sector associations, homeowner associations, academia and/or non-profit assistance providers are eligible to apply for funding under this Grant Program."

2. **Question:** Would it be possible for the Delaware Electric Cooperative to get a grant to help us meet our new RPS requirements?

Answer: The RPS requirement would not qualify under the RFP as it is already mandated by law.

"ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPOSED PROJECTS:

In accordance with 76 Del. Laws, c. 262, §6046 (4), projects eligible for funding are those that "result in quantifiable and verifiable reductions in greenhouse gas emissions in Delaware **not otherwise required by federal or state law and not receiving funding from any other state sources.**"

3. **Question:** In considering a carbon sequestration project such as a managed forestry site, would there be a mandatory time frame during which the project was dedicated to the sequestration use?

Answer: While there is no mandatory duration requirement in the RFP, a project that is sustainable and managed over a longer period of time would be evaluated at a higher score than a short term project. The Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI) notes the following: “To ensure that CO2 offset allowances awarded for Afforestation projects represent permanent carbon sequestration, the RGGI participating states require a legally binding *permanent conservation easement* approved by the relevant state agency where the offset project is located.¹” While proposals are not required to qualify as a RGGI offset project, those that meet longer duration requirements may qualify for a higher score than those that have a shorter duration. See Question 4.

4. **Question:** If a managed vegetation project was accepted and the property later changed hands, would there be any special requirements?

Answer: Any project accepted for grant will be expected to meet the conditions and duration described in its application. On page 5, the application procedure notes:

“Applicants should quantify, to the extent possible, the reduced or avoided greenhouse gas emissions attributable to the project **over the duration of its implementation.**”

Projects will be evaluated on the basis of greenhouse gas emissions reduced or avoided and longer duration, higher reduction projects will be scored higher than short duration, low reduction projects. To the extent that a project contemplates the sale of a vegetation management site, it would need to have enforceable legal restrictions on the sale of the property and an obligation to enforce such restrictions to qualify for a longer duration period.

5. **Question:** Are co-benefits of the proposal limited to those described on page 9 of the RFP?

Answer: The grant proposal should identify any and all co-benefits it believes will result from the project. The definition is provided to help respondents understand the concept of co-benefits. The second sentence notes:

“Co-benefits include, **but are not limited to,** the creation of job opportunities, reduction of air pollutants other than greenhouse gases, reduction of the costs of electricity or natural gas to consumers, improvements in local electric system reliability, and the contribution to regional initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas emission.”

¹ Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative, Afforestation Offset Projects,
<http://www.rggi.org/offsets/categories/afforestation>

6. **Question:** Can respondents submit a draft proposal for DNREC/Climate Division review prior to the final submission date?

Answer: No. Respondent proposals are expected to be submitted in final form on or before the September 15, 2010 deadline. See Question 7.

7. **Question:** If a project proposal fails to address certain requirements in its application, will the project be rejected or disqualified?

Answer: Proposals that have minor irregularities will be given an opportunity to cure identified deficiencies. The last paragraph on page 4 of the RFP notes:

“Cancellation

The Department reserves the right to cancel this RFP, accept or reject any and all proposals in whole or in part, received in response to this RFP, **to waive or permit cure of minor irregularities, and to conduct discussion with all qualified or potentially qualified offering parties in any manner necessary to serve the best interests of the State.** The Department also reserves the right, in its sole discretion to award grants based upon the written proposals received without prior discussions or negotiations.”

8. **Question:** Section 4, “Personnel” of Appendix B, “Contract for Professional Services” specifies a contractor “shall not subcontract any of the work or services covered by this Contract without the prior written approval of DEPARTMENT.” Does this mean a proposal may not use subcontractors?

Answer: No. It means that the use of a subcontractor to meet the objectives of the proposal must be approved by the Department, either during the initial proposal evaluation or before any new subcontractors are hired as part of the project.

9. **Question:** As a Delaware business, we are considering the installation of a solar and/or wind generation at our facility. Would we be eligible for consideration under this grant process?

Answer: Delaware energy consumers currently have opportunity for grant assistance for these types of projects. If the proposal anticipates application for any of these state grants, then it is not eligible under this GHG RFP. To be eligible under this RFP, a proposal must clearly declare that it will not seek funding from any other State sources

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10. **Question:** Our department would like to apply for videoconferencing technology. Would this project be eligible under this funding opportunity as it does reduce the “vehicle miles traveled”? Thank you for your input.

Answer: A videoconferencing technology proposal would appear to qualify as an allowable proposal to the extent it results in reduced Greenhouse Gas emissions. As required in the RFP, it would be important that such a proposal demonstrate measurable, quantifiable results in terms of reduced miles driven and reduced vehicle GHG emissions. Allowable proposals should also note they are not receiving funding from any other State sources and that alternative funding is not available.

The proposing party should also be aware that, if the proposal qualifies for an award, the proposing party will be expected to enter into the Attachment B, “Contract for Professional Services” which will identify the scope of the project and expected emission reduction targets. It will be the responsibility of the proposing party to document and confirm the actual emission reductions achieved by the project.

11. **Question:** We operate several major state buildings and many historical buildings and state museums and would like to pursue more energy conservation and recycling at those facilities. We are unaware of our current greenhouse gas emissions inventory and were wondering if this is something we might pursue.

Answer: The agency is unable to give specific guidance to individuals beyond what is contained in the RFP project examples. The intent of the RFP is to secure actual greenhouse gas reductions directly or indirectly enable organization to initiate actions that can likely lead to future greenhouse gas emission reductions such as a project for calculating carbon footprints as suggested on RFP page 11.

The agency cannot offer specific suggestions to any party beyond what is contained in the RFP. A competitive grant process requires that all potential applicants receive the same information via the RFP or published questions and answers. However, it is important to note that applicants are not restricted to the specific examples contained in the RFP. Each proposal will be evaluated on its overall merits, consistent with the scoring mechanism identified on page 8 and 9 of the RFP.

12. **Question:** We are considering applying for the Delaware Greenhouse Gas Reduction Projects Grant Program, but have a few questions:

- Are there any page limits on each section of the grant application?
- Is there an overall page limit?
- Is there a preferred font you'd like to see? And or a preferred font size (or range)?
- Are there specific page margins we must use when formatting our document?

Answer: There are no page limits on any section. There is no overall page limit. There is no preferred font or font size. There are no specific page margin requirements.

The application must contain the information requested in the RFP. The application may be represented in whatever style and/or format you believe is appropriate for your organization's proposal, keeping in mind the need to balance good readability with conservative use of resources.

13. **Question:** We anticipate a large project which may require significant funding to help reduce greenhouse gases. Should we request full funding for the project even though the awards will have a \$500,000 maximum?.

Answer: Grant applicants should identify the total cost of their proposed project, even though they may not receive full funding. Knowing that there may be funding limitations on large or more costly proposals, it may be helpful to break such proposal applications down into Phase 1, Phase 2, etc. efforts if the award of a partial grant would still permit the project to move forward.

14. **Question:** When will we know if we have received an award on our grant applications?

Answer: Applications are due in no later than 4:00 PM on Wednesday, September 15, 2010. DNREC anticipates approximately 60 days to review, score and select the applications for award. All parties should be notified of the result of their application by November 30, 2010 at the latest. If for any reason, applicants have not received notice by then they should call for information.

15. **Question:** We have already initiated a project to change our energy source from No. 6 oil to a cleaner natural gas fuel? Could we apply for a grant to help offset some of those costs?

Answer: The RFP does not limit grant applications to proposals which have not yet begun. Projects that are already underway and will reduce greenhouse gas emissions are eligible for a potential award under this grant program.