

OVERVIEW OF THE SUSTAINABLE ENERGY UTILITY

Presentation to

Delaware RGGI Working Group

Senator Harris B. McDowell III

Chair, Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility Oversight Board

John Byrne, Ph.D.

Co-chair, Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility Oversight Board

October 25, 2007



SEU Task Force Members

Senator Harris B. McDowell III, Chair

Dr. John Byrne, Co-Chair

Charlie Smisson, State Energy Coordinator

3 State Senators (in addition to Senator McDowell)

4 State Representatives

Delaware's Public Advocate

**Executive Director, Peoples Settlement Association
(the oldest African- American community organization in DE)**

Legislative Analyst, Delaware State Senate Office

SEU Research Team

Technical Consultant

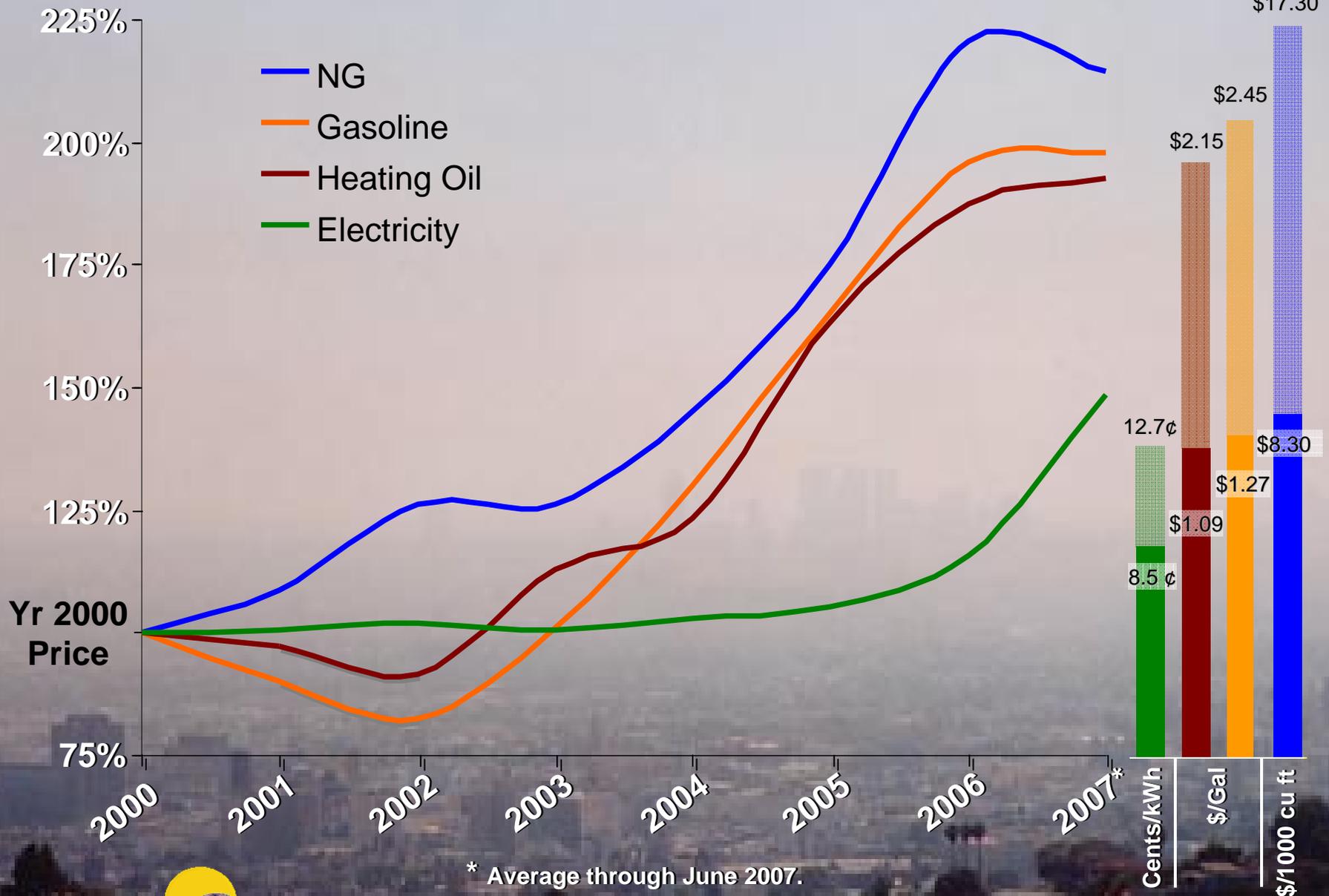
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CEEP Policy Fellow**

CEEP Researchers

**Dr. John Byrne
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Rebecca Walker
Lado Kurdgelashvili
Huei Wong
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Ryan Harry
Eric Partyka**



Climbing Conventional Energy Prices



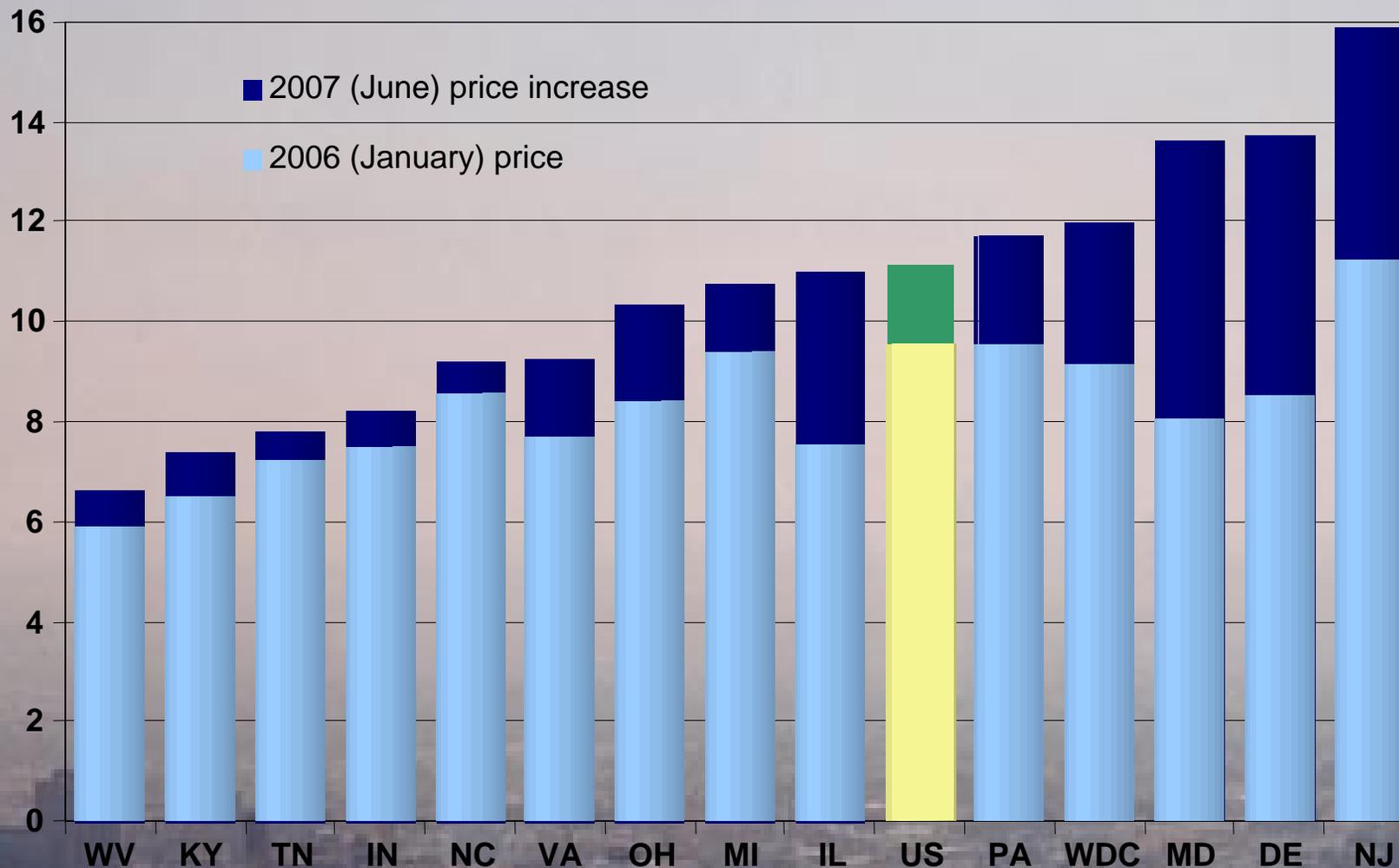
* Average through June 2007.



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PJM Region

Residential Electricity Prices: Jan 2006 - July 2007



Source: EIA 2007. Average Price by State by Provider (EIA-861)



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New Direction – Goals of a Sustainable Energy Utility



By 2015

- ◆ Participating Delaware residents and businesses cut conventional energy use by 30%: ALL FUELS, ALL SECTORS
 - Utilize Market Transformation Rebate Programs: pay the incremental cost difference between standard and high-efficiency models
 - Create a Green Buildings Initiative: reward green renovations of existing buildings and provide incentives for new construction that contributes to Low/No Emissions Buildings
 - Adopt a Sustainable Transport Plan: promote High MPG, Low Carbon Vehicles; reward Employee Commute Planning; incent Carsharing

By 2019

- ◆ 20% of electrical generation serving the State to come from Renewables
 - Upgrade the Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) to 20% by 2019
 - Include a Solar Carveout of 2% by 2019 with High-Value Solar RECs
 - Encourage a Renewable Energy Credits (RECs) Market, providing a revenue stream to customer-sited renewables

Both Goals = 25-30% reduction in Delaware's carbon footprint

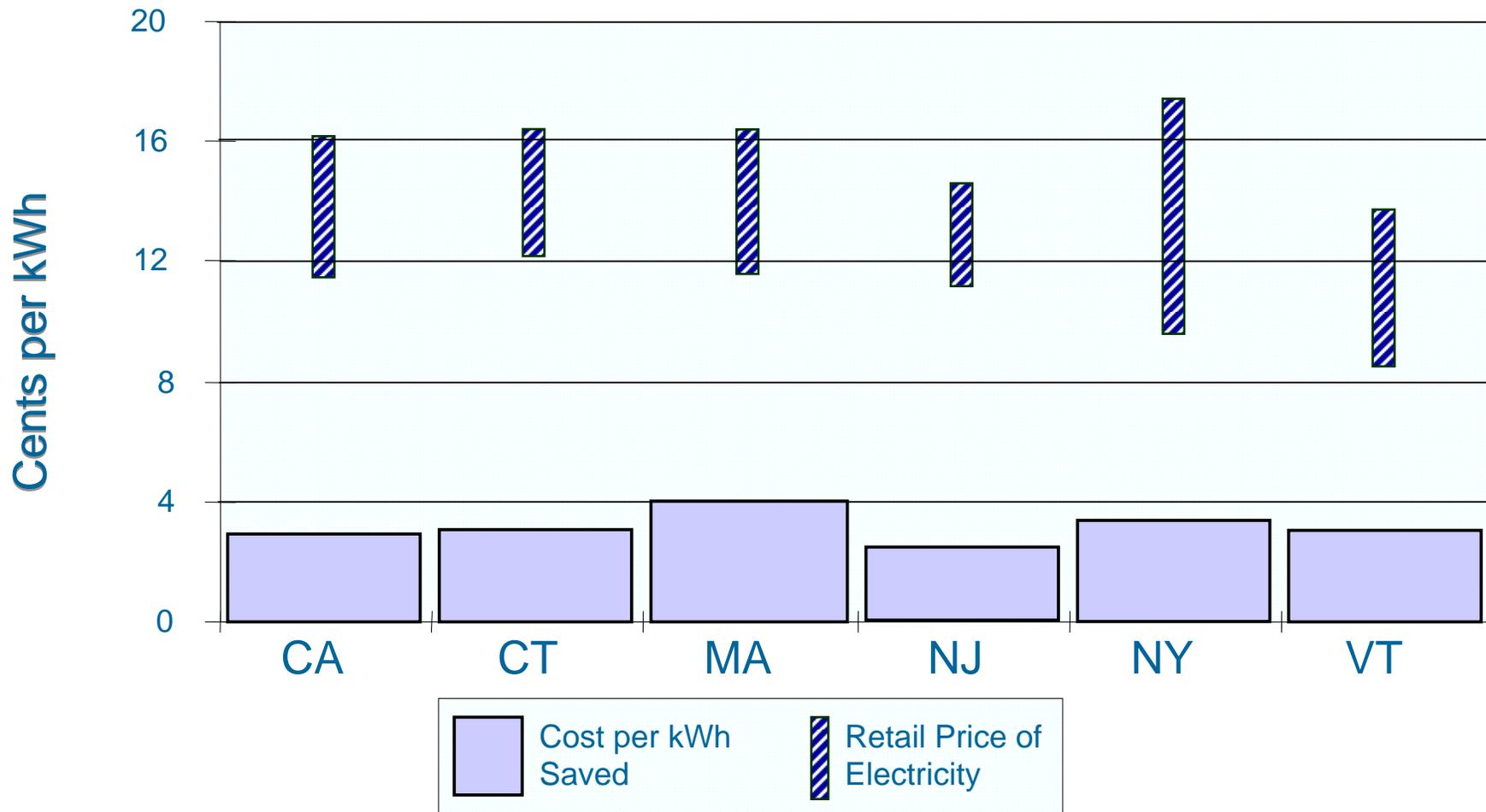


Policy Agenda



- ◆ **Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS)**
 - Upgrade to proven ‘best practice’: 20% by 2019
 - Add 2% Solar Carveout
- ◆ **Green Energy Fund (GEF)**
 - Double GEF mill rate to support renewables & energy efficiency
 - Cost to the average residential customer = ~ 18 cents per month
- ◆ **Net Metering Standards**
 - Enable commercial and industrial customers to generate up to 2 MW
 - Enable residential customers to generate up to 25 kW
 - Net meter customer generation at full retail rates (including generation and T&D)
- ◆ **Authorize a Sustainable Energy Bond**
 - Authorize the State to initially invest \$30 million in a Sustainable Energy Future
- ◆ **Create the Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility**
 - An incentive-based institution that utilizes performance contracting
 - Offers one-stop, comprehensive sustainable energy services to all
 - Super Majority 3/4th Vote Required:
 - ☞ Senate (Democrat Party majority): 19-1
 - ☞ House (Republican Party majority): Unanimous vote in favor

U.S. Cost per kWh Saved versus kWh Supplied



Source: Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility Task Force (2007)

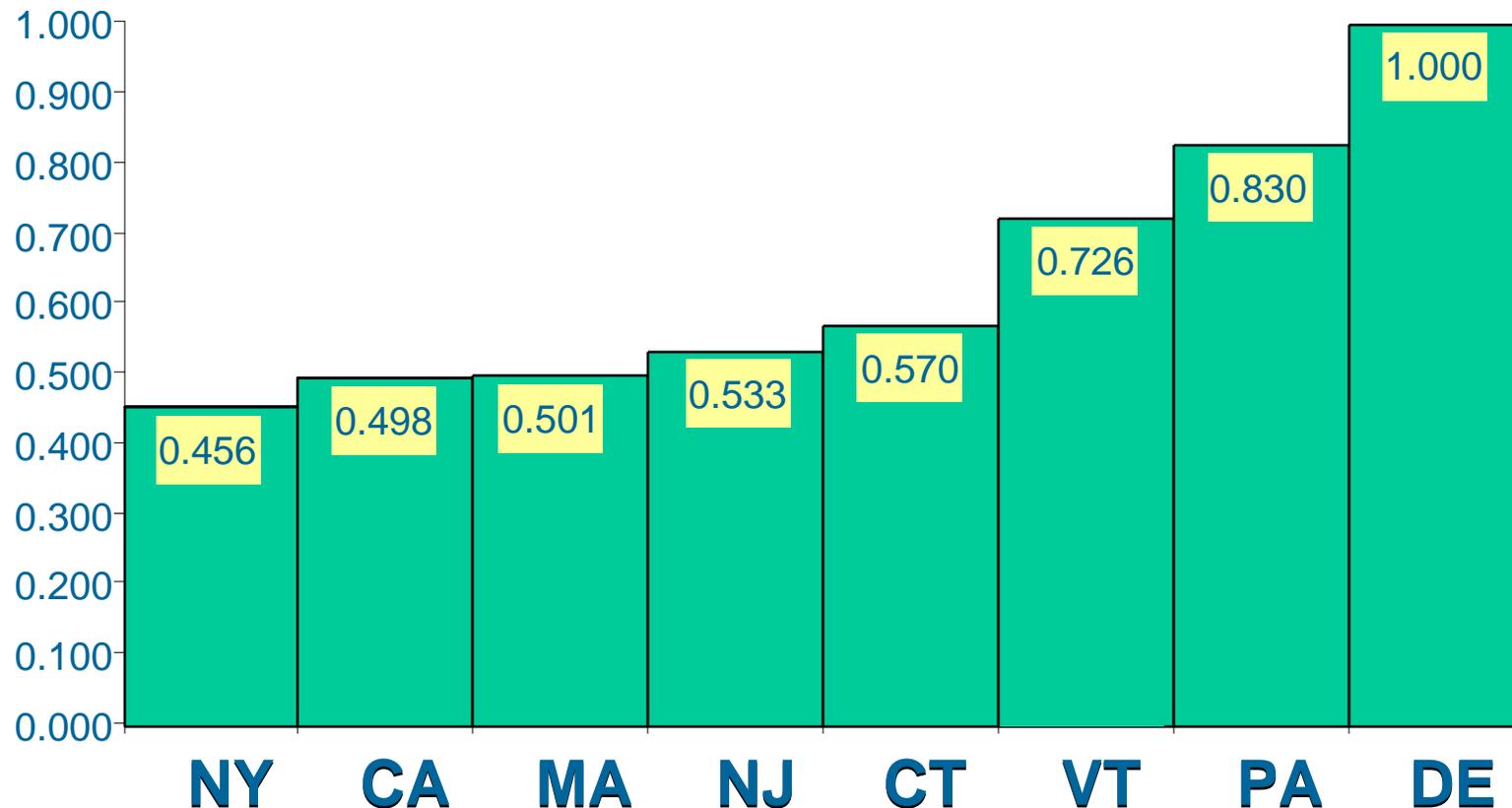
http://www.seu-de.org/docs/Section_F.pdf http://www.seu-de.org/docs/Section_H.pdf and http://www.seu-de.org/docs/App_A.pdf



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DELAWARE – A PORTRAIT OF UNSUSTAINABILITY

Residential Sector Electricity Intensity



Sources: Sustainable Energy Utility Task Force (2007)

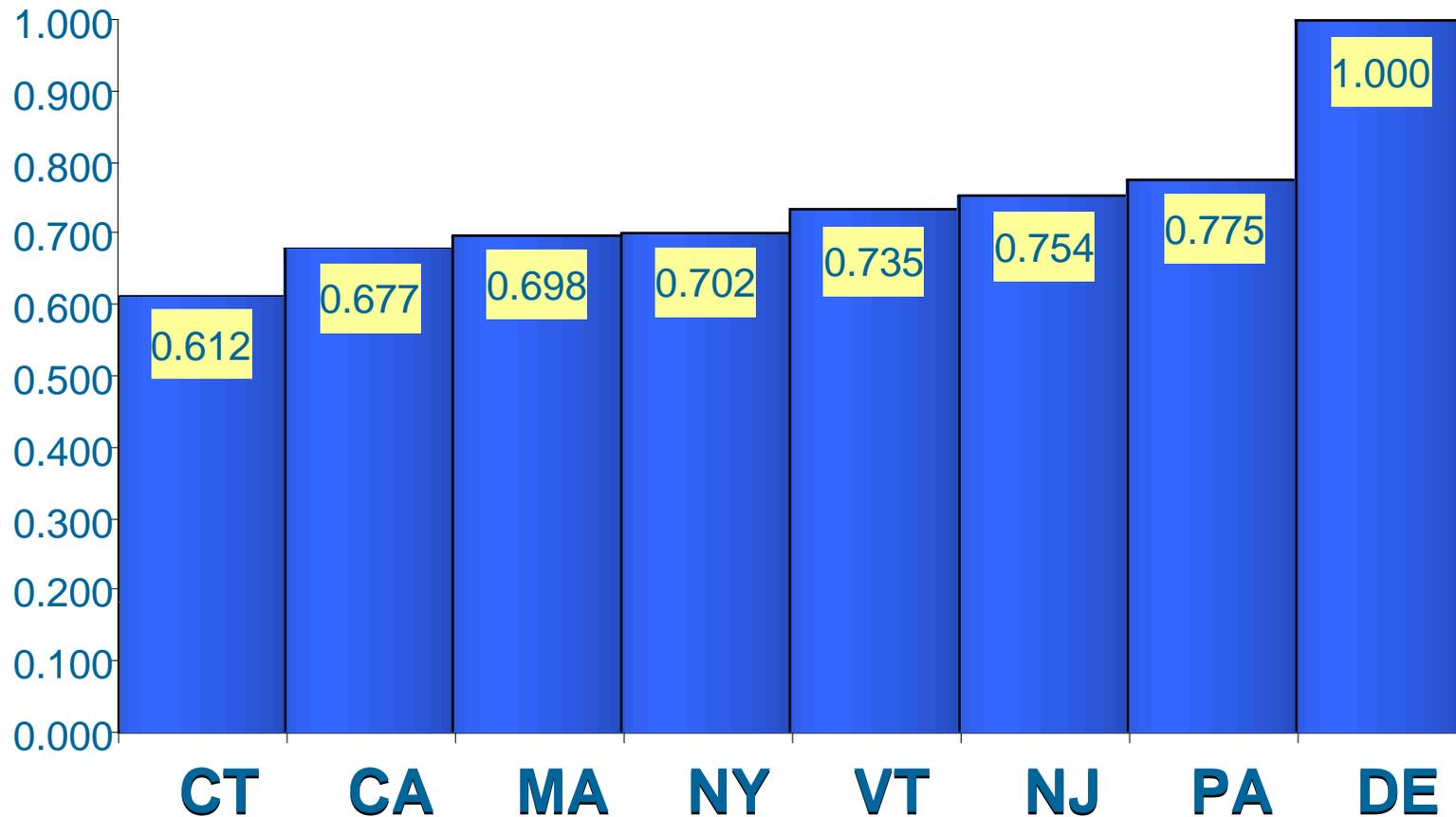
Available at: http://www.seu-de.org/docs/fina_report_brief.pdf

Statistical details available at:

http://www.seu-de.org/docs/IRP_submission_4-10-07.pdf (especially pp. 9-12).

DELAWARE – A PORTRAIT OF UNSUSTAINABILITY

Commercial Sector Electricity Intensity



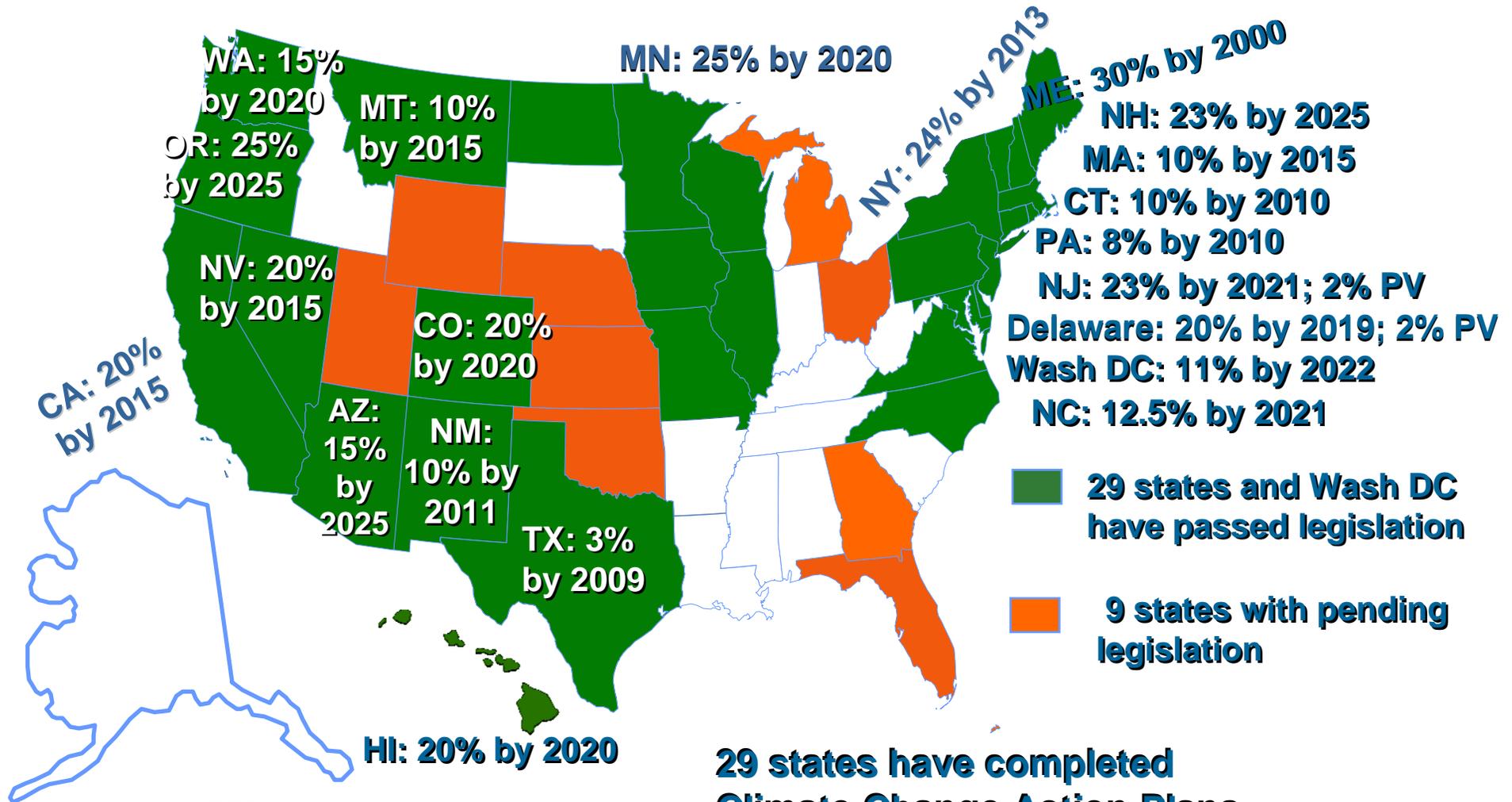
Sources: Sustainable Energy Utility Task Force (2007)

Available at: http://www.seu-de.org/docs/fina_report_brief.pdf

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State Renewable Portfolio Standards in the U.S.



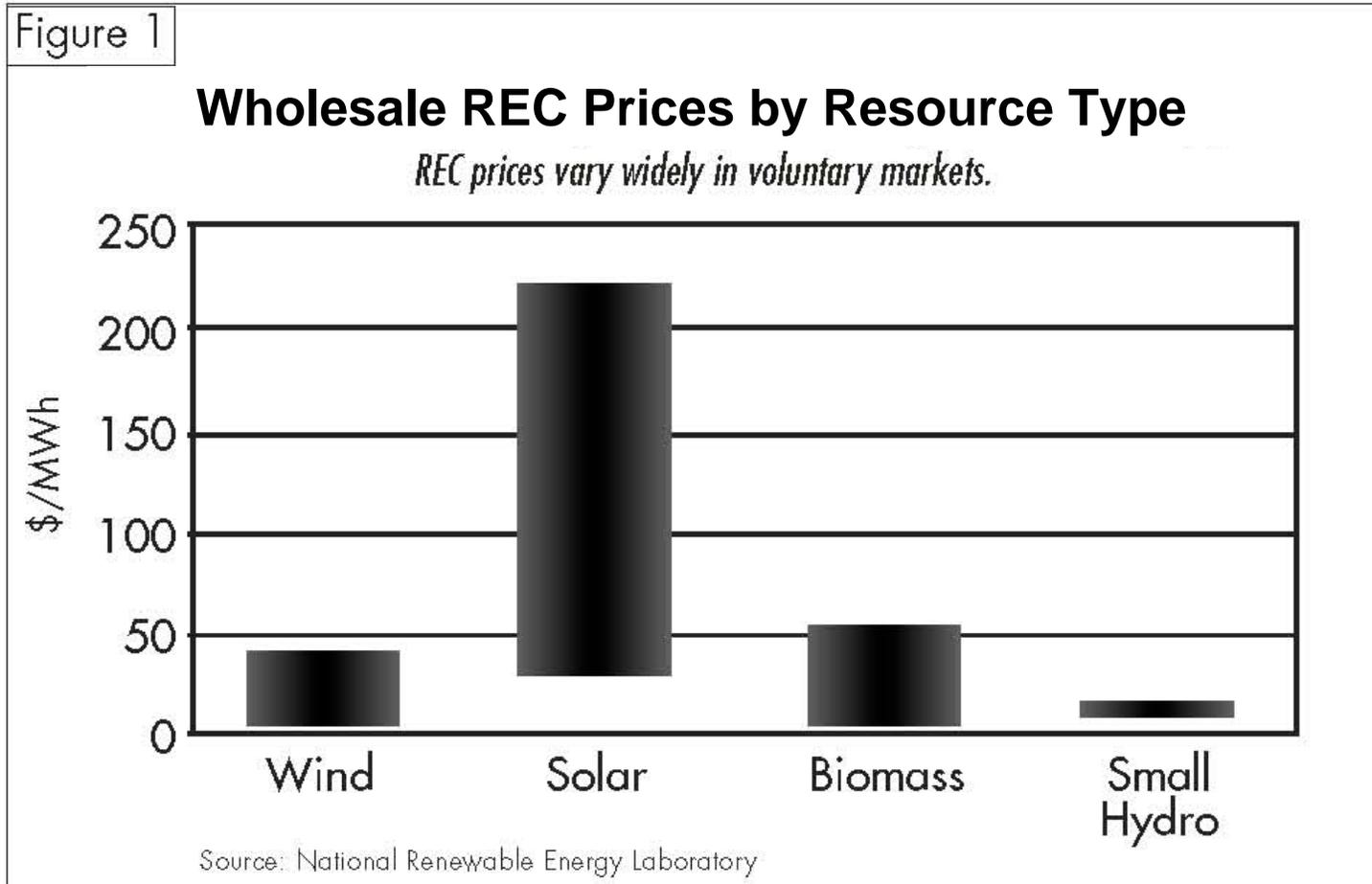
Sources: CEEP Survey, 2007; DSIRE, 2007; UCS, 2007

29 states have completed Climate Change Action Plans
<http://yosemite.epa.gov/oar/globalwarming.nsf/content/ActionsStateActionPlans.html>

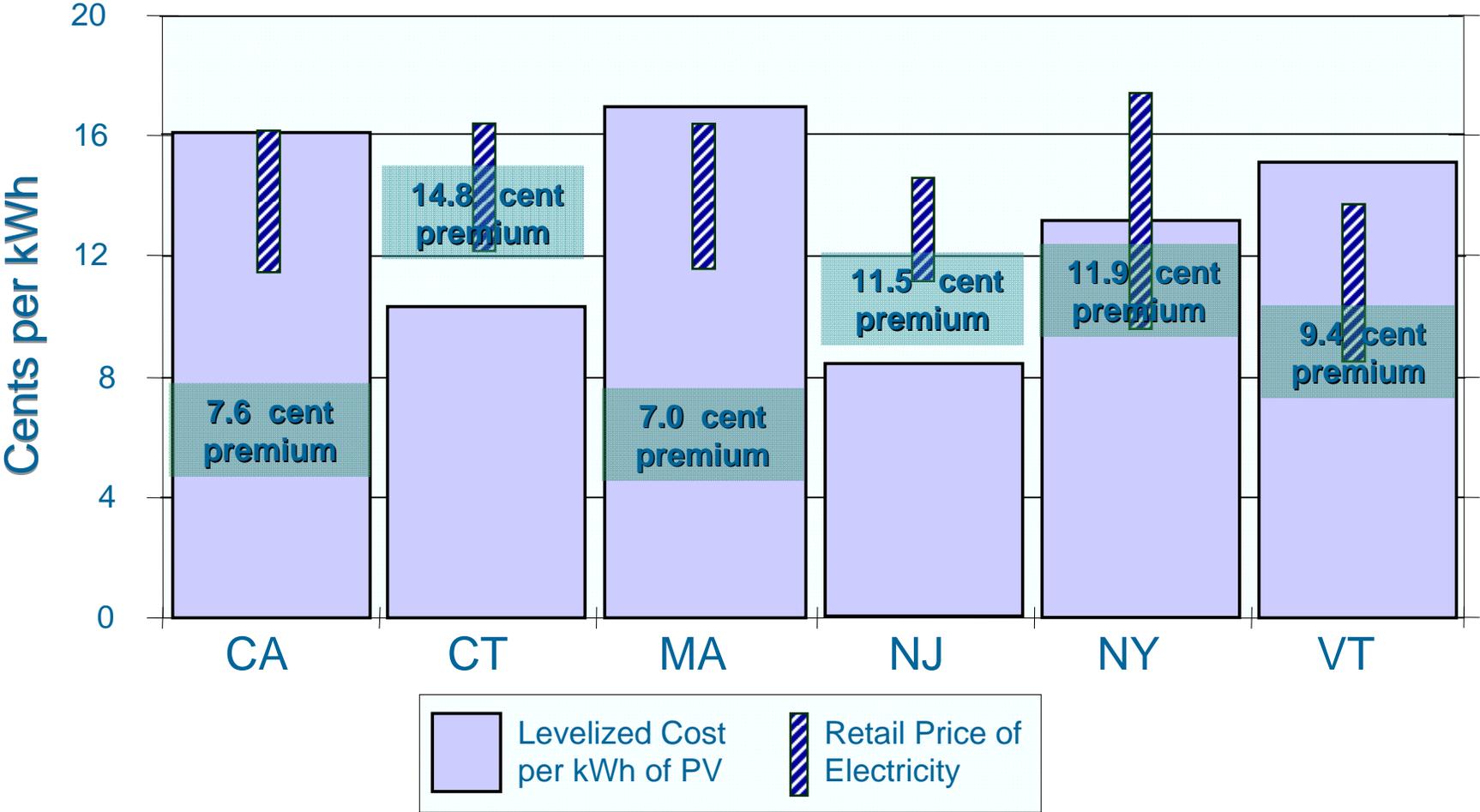


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SEU Aggregates RECs & Sells to Compliance Markets



Levelized Cost per Solar kWh vs Retail Price per kWh



Source: Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility Task Force (2007)
http://www.seu-de.org/docs/Section_F.pdf http://www.seu-de.org/docs/Section_H.pdf and
http://www.seu-de.org/docs/App_A.pdf



White Roof Coating Program

Energy Coordinating Agency (Philadelphia)

**Approximately 440,000
row homes in
Philadelphia,
about nine in ten have
black tar roofs**

**White roofs never get
hotter than ~ 95° F**

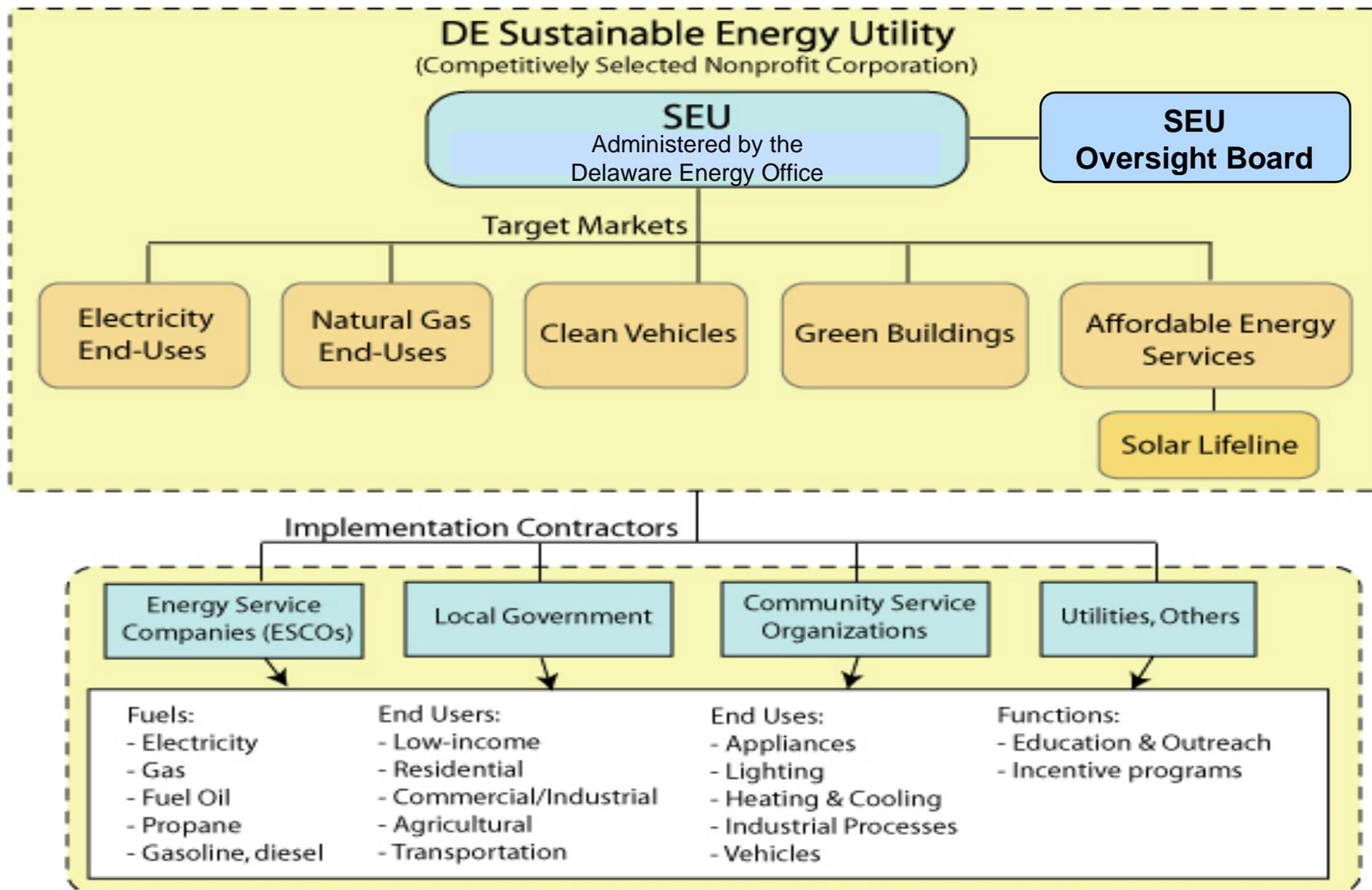
**Black roofs can be
hotter than 115° F**



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New Direction – A Sustainable Energy Utility





New Direction – Funding a Sustainable Energy Utility



◆ **Green Energy Fund (GEF)**

- Support Rebates for customer-sited renewables, energy efficiency & affordable energy services from the State's Public Benefit Charge

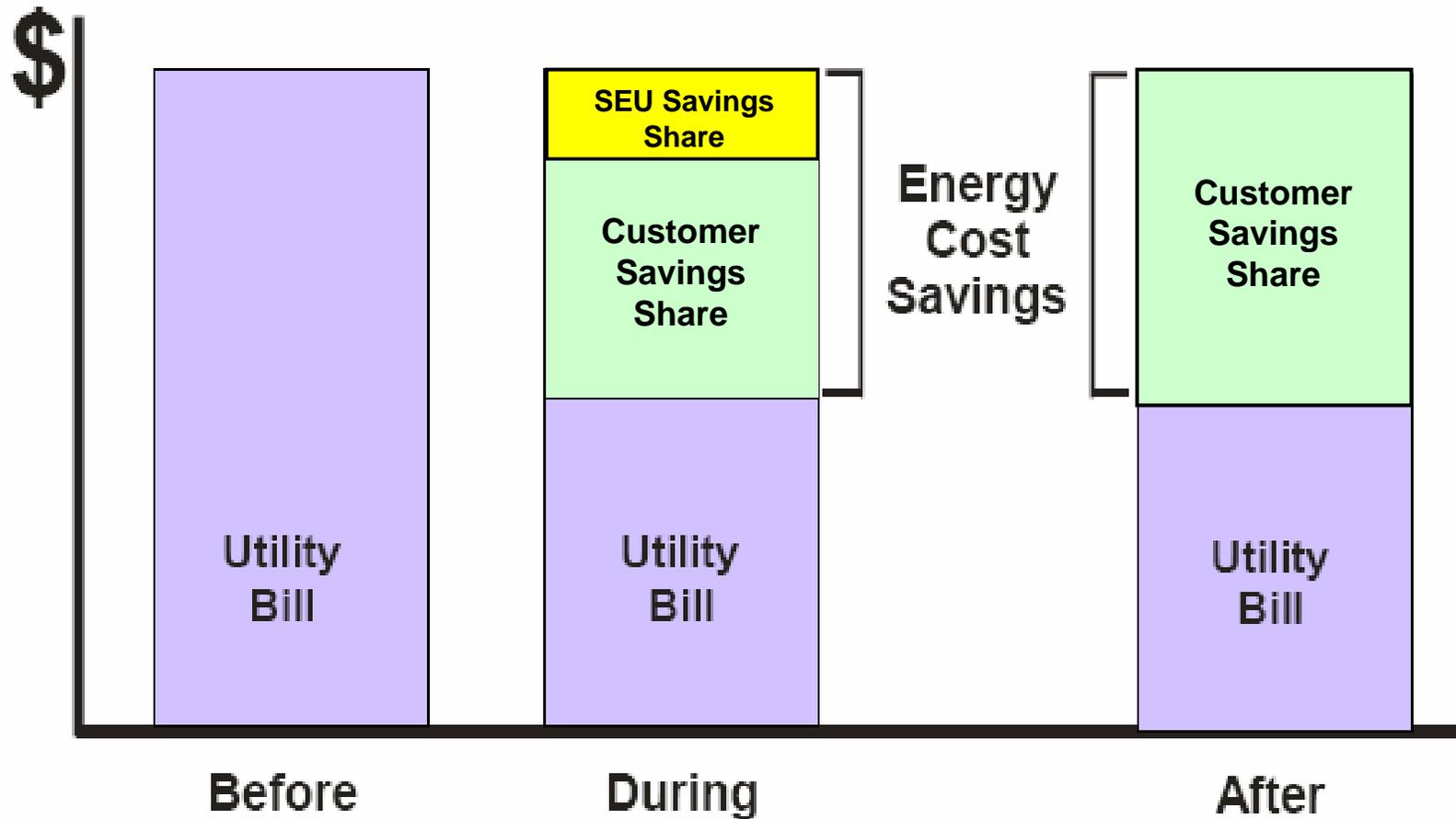
◆ **Sustainable Energy Bond**

- Borrowing from San Francisco, the Task Force identified Sustainable Energy Bonds as a tool to create jobs, lower energy bills and improve the environment

◆ ***Reinvest through Shared Savings and RECs***

- In return for assumption of initial capital cost of Sustainable Energy Investments by the SEU, sign agreements with participants to share savings (e.g., 33% for 3-5 years) and REC revenues (e.g., 25% for 8 years)
- Encourage implementation contractors to acquire volume discounts in return for SEU market development and share benefits with the SEU

Performance Contracting



Source: King, 2003



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SEU Cash Flow Detail

(not including Sustainable Energy Bond)

Year	Expenditures				Revenues	Balance	
	SEU Contract	SEU Program Costs (Rebates, Incentives, EM&V, etc.)	SEU / DEO Education & Marketing	Bonus Fund	Expenditure Totals	SEU Revenues: 0.25RECs + 0.33SS (yrs 1-5) + GEF Revenues	Annual Cash Balance
2008	-\$800,000	-\$5,953,981	-\$300,000	-\$100,000	-\$7,153,981	\$3,140,411	-\$4,013,569
2009	-\$816,000	-\$8,823,059	-\$300,000	-\$175,000	-\$10,114,059	\$7,630,898	-\$2,483,161
2010	-\$832,320	-\$10,520,922	-\$300,000	-\$192,962	-\$11,846,205	\$12,864,141	\$1,017,936
2011	-\$848,966	-\$17,429,788	-\$261,447	-\$288,291	-\$18,828,492	\$19,219,402	\$390,910
2012	-\$865,946	-\$21,628,684	-\$432,574	-\$392,609	-\$23,319,812	\$26,173,902	\$2,854,090
2013	-\$909,243	-\$32,364,351	-\$647,287	-\$664,624	-\$34,585,505	\$33,231,192	-\$1,354,313
2014	-\$954,705	-\$38,569,611	-\$771,392	-\$759,003	-\$41,054,712	\$37,950,155	-\$3,104,557
2015	-\$1,002,440	-\$42,212,500	-\$844,250	-\$841,412	-\$44,900,602	\$42,070,590	-\$2,830,012
Sub-totals	-\$7,029,621	-\$177,502,896	-\$3,856,950	-\$3,413,900	-\$191,803,367	\$182,280,690	-\$9,522,677
2016	-\$1,052,562	-\$41,052,588	-\$821,052	-\$937,295	-\$43,863,498	\$46,864,759	\$3,001,262
2017	-\$1,105,191	-\$44,887,443	-\$897,749	-\$1,020,003	-\$47,910,386	\$51,000,162	\$3,089,776
2018	-\$1,160,450	-\$45,173,259	-\$903,465	-\$1,068,534	-\$48,305,708	\$53,426,697	\$5,120,989
2019	-\$1,218,473	-\$42,744,016	-\$854,880	-\$1,123,466	-\$45,940,835	\$56,173,305	\$10,232,470
Totals	-\$11,566,296	-\$351,360,203	-\$7,334,096	-\$7,563,199	-\$377,823,794	\$389,745,614	\$11,921,820

SEU Prospectus

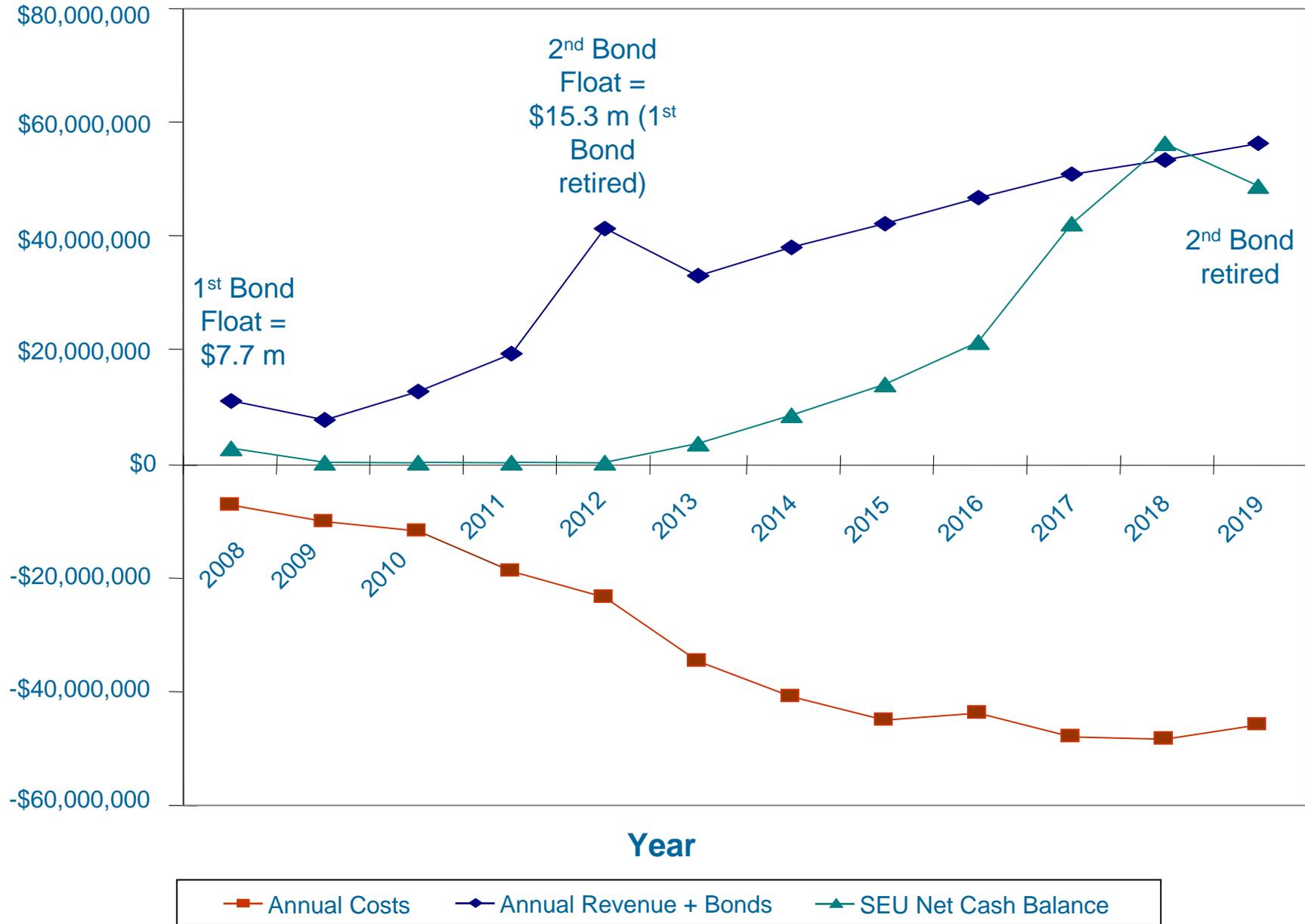
Year	Net SEU Revenues (before Debt Service)	SEU Bond Debt Service							Net SEU Revenue (after Debt Service & Bond Retirement)	SEU Bottom Line
	Balance of SEU Costs and Revenues	Tax Exempt Bond Floats	Annual Interest Cost for Bond 1 (Yield = 5.20%)	Annual Interest Cost for Bond 2 (Yield = 5.0%)	Annual Interest Cost for Bond 3 (Yield = 4.90%)	Annual Interest Cost for Bond 4 (Yield = 4.90%)	Bond Management	Debt Totals	SEU Balance + Bond Interest Cost + Bond Principal	Cumulative Cash Flow
2008	-\$4,013,569	Bond 1: 5 yr Maturity Yield = 5.20% \$7,700,000	-\$400,400						\$3,132,031	\$3,132,031
2009	-\$2,483,161		-\$400,400					-\$400,400	-\$2,883,561	\$248,469
2010	\$1,017,936	Bond 2: Yield = 5.00% \$0	-\$400,400	\$0			\$0	-\$400,400	\$617,536	\$866,006
2011	\$390,910	Bond 3: Yield = 4.90% \$0	-\$400,400	\$0	\$0		\$0	-\$400,400	-\$9,490	\$856,515
2012	\$2,854,090	Bond 4: 8 yr Maturity Yield = 4.90% \$15,300,000	-\$400,400	\$0	\$0	-\$749,700	-\$306,000	-\$1,456,100	\$8,997,990	\$9,854,505
2013	-\$1,354,313			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	-\$2,104,013	\$7,750,492
2014	-\$3,104,557			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	-\$3,854,257	\$3,896,235
2015	-\$2,830,012			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	-\$3,579,712	\$316,523
Sub-totals	-\$9,522,677		-\$2,002,000	\$0	\$0	-\$2,998,800	-460000	-\$5,460,800	\$316,523	
2016	\$3,001,262			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	\$2,251,562	\$2,568,084
2017	\$3,089,776			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	\$2,340,076	\$4,908,161
2018	\$5,120,989			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	\$4,371,289	\$9,279,450
2019	\$10,232,470			\$0	\$0	-\$749,700		-\$749,700	-\$5,817,230	\$3,462,220
Totals	\$11,921,820		-\$2,002,000	\$0	\$0	-\$5,997,600	-460000	-\$8,459,600	\$3,462,220	

All Bond Interest	-\$7,999,600
Total Bond Float	\$23,000,000

*** Revenue Assumptions**

\$25 million in Sustainable Energy Special Purpose Revenue Bonds are authorized.
 GEF mill rate is doubled.
 REC revenues are based on declining price schedule.

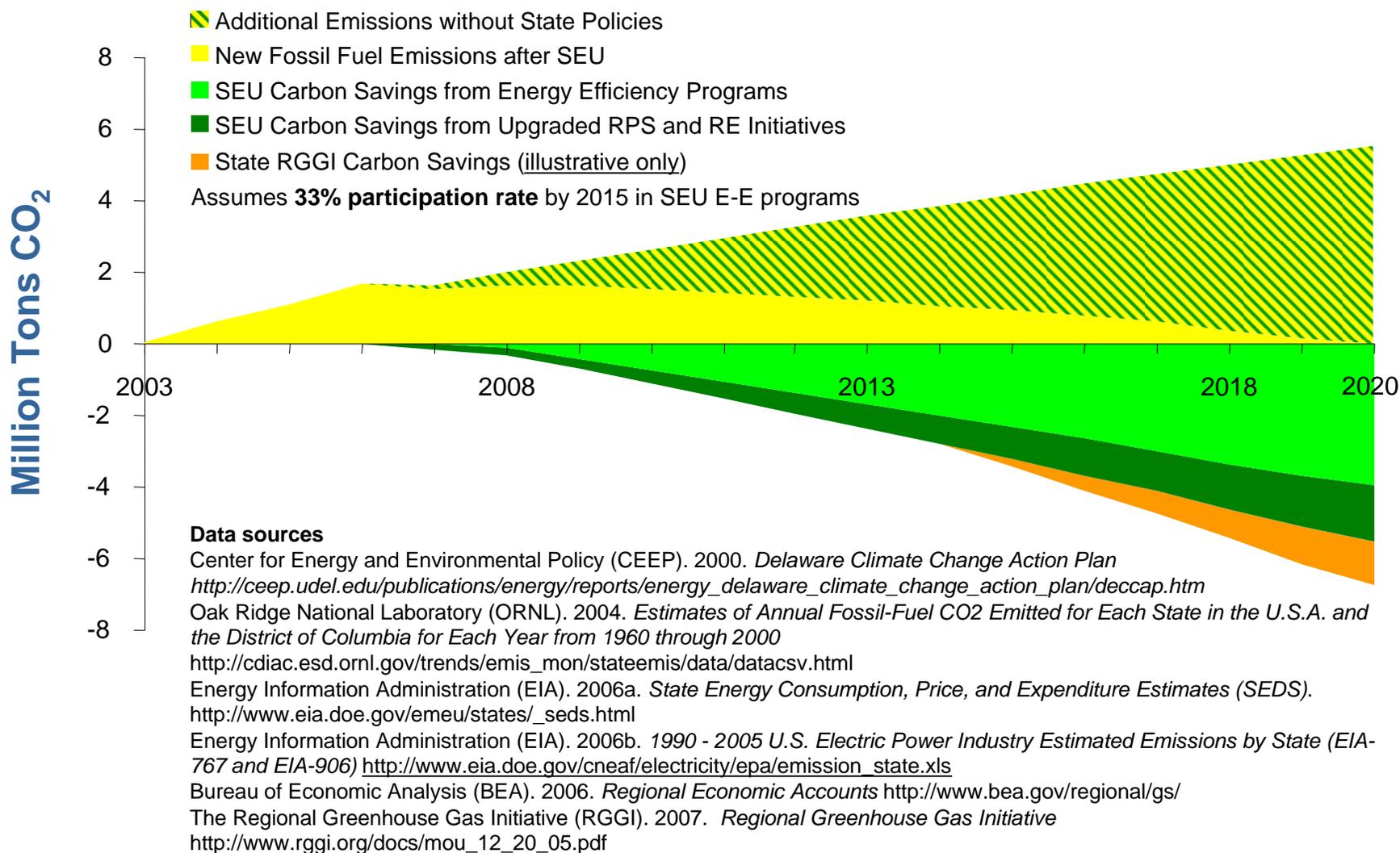
SEU Annual Costs, Revenues & Cash Balance



**Major Banking Group with Extensive
Bond Management Experience
reviewed the SEU pro forma and
concluded it is financeable by a private
activity bond at investment grade.**

Delaware Sustainable Energy Utility

Our Best Environmental Policy



Estimates prepared for the Sustainable Energy Utility Task Force by the Center for Energy & Environmental Policy, University of Delaware.

Sustainable Energy Utility

Website: <http://www.seu-de.org>

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