Stormwater Assessment Report

Project:	 	
Owner/Developer: _	 	
Consultant:	 	

	Assessment Item	Anticipat	ted Enginee	ering Effort
		Minor	Moderate	Significant
1.	Soils - On-site soils have low permeability, high water table, or other limitations that could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.			
2.	Runoff Potential - Change in land cover due to removal of trees, increases in impervious cover, etc. could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.			
3.	Water Resource Protection - Site conditions may adversely affect runoff reduction and/or pollutant loading reductions.			
4.	Sump Conditions - Existing topography of site creates depressional areas (closed 2' contours) where runoff tends to collect without direct discharge.			
5.	Discharge Points - Areas where stormwater runoff leaves the site have limitations due to low gradient, backwater effects, lack of a defined channel or other hydraulic limitations.			
6.	Off-Site Drainage - Areas draining into the site could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.			
7.	Conveyance - Downstream conditions such as inadequate pipe or channel capacity could limit adequate drainage from the site.			
	Mitigation under consideration for "Significant" ratings:			
	Over-management			
	□ Off-site improvements			
	□ Easement(s)			
	Offset Option			
	□ Other:			
	Reporting Agency:			
	Contact Person:			
	Date of Project-Application Meeting:			

Assessment Item	Rating Criteria		
	Minor	Moderate	Significant
 Soils - On-site soils have low permeability, high water table, or other limitations that could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project. 	<15% of developed portion of the site has soils with limitations to development	15% - 50% of developed portion of the site has soils with limitations to development	>50% of developed portion of the site has soils with limitations to development
 Runoff Potential - Change in land cover due to removal of trees, increases in impervious cover, etc. could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project. 	<25% existing woods/meadow to be disturbed	25%-50% existing woods/meadow to be disturbed	> 50% existing woods/meadow to be disturbed
	OR	OR	OR
	<25% proposed increase in impervious area	25%-50% proposed increase in impervious area	> 50% proposed increase in impervious area
 Water Resource Protection - Site conditions may adversely affect runoff reduction and/or pollutant loading reductions. 	<15% of developed portion of the site has RR Feasibility rating of Low or Low-Mod	15% - 50% of developed portion of the site has RR Feasibility rating of Low or Low-Mod	>50% of developed portion of the site has RR Feasibility rating of Low or Low-Mod
	OR	OR	OR
	For areas not mapped for RR Feasibility, <15% of developed portion of site has water table <36" (100cm) or HSG "C" or "D" soils	For areas not mapped for RR Feasibility, 15% - 50% of developed portion of site has water table <36" (100cm) or HSG "C" or "D" soils	For areas not mapped for RR Feasibility, >50% of developed portion of site has water table <36" (100cm) or HSG "C" or "D" soils
 Sump Conditions - Existing topography of site creates depressional areas (closed 2' contours) where runoff tends to collect without direct discharge. 	0% of site area drains to sump areas	≤50% of site area drains to sump areas	>50% of site area drains to sump areas
 Discharge Points - Areas where stormwater runoff leaves the site have limitations due to low gradient, backwater effects, lack of a defined channel or other hydraulic limitations. 	Zero (0) site discharge points with identified problems	At least one (1) site discharge point with an identified problem	Multiple (more than 1) discharge point with an identified problem
		OR	OR
		< 50% of site area drains to a discharge point with an identified problem	>50% of site area drains to a discharge point with an identified problem
			OR
			Lack of easements and/or alteration of drainage patterns could raise potential "right-to-discharge" issues.
 Off-Site Drainage - Areas draining into the site could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project. 	<25% offsite area relative to site area draining onto site	25% - 50% offsite area relative to site area draining onto site	>50% offsite area relative to site area draining onto site
 Conveyance - Downstream conditions such as inadequate pipe or channel capacity could limit adequate drainage from the site. 	Zero (0) known historic drainage problems	At least one (1) known historic drainage problem	Multiple (more than 1) known historic drainage problems
	AND	OR	OR
	Zero (0) in-line structures prior to the 10% analysis point	At least one (1) in-line structure prior to the 10% analysis point	Multiple (more than 1) in-line structures prior to the 10% analysis point OR
			Stream channel condition degraded due to vegetation, slope, erosion, etc.

Assessment Item

- 1. Soils On-site soils have low permeability, high water table, or other limitations that could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.
 - 1.1 Hydric Soils within LOD (ac)
 - 1.2 Drainage class "Poorly drained" or "Very poorly drained" within LOD (ac)
 - 1.3 Hydrologic Soil Group "D" within LOD (ac)
 - 1.4 Depth to water table < 100 cm within LOD (ac)
 - 1.5 Flood frequency class "Frequent" or "Very frequent" within LOD (ac)
 - 1.6 Ponding frequency class "Frequent" within LOD (ac)
 - 1.7 Max. acreage for items 1.1 to 1.6 above within LOD (ac)
- 2. Runoff Potential Change in land cover due to removal of trees, increases in impervious cover, etc. could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.
 - 2.1 Existing wooded or meadow areas to be disturbed within LOD (ac)
 - 2.2 Proposed increase in impervious area within LOD (ac)
- 3. Water Resource Protection Site conditions may adversely affect runoff reduction and/or pollutant loading reductions.
 - 3.1 Site area with Runoff Reduction Feasibility rating of Low or Low-Mod within LOD (ac)
 - 3.2 Site area with water table <36 inches (100 cm) within LOD (ac)
 - 3.3 Site area with HSG C or D soils within LOD (ac)
- 4. Sump Conditions Existing topography of site creates depressional areas (closed 2' contours) where runoff tends to collect without direct discharge.
 - 4.1 Site area that drains to sump (ac)
- 5. Discharge Points Areas where stormwater runoff leaves the site have limitations due to low gradient, backwater effects, lack of a defined channel or other hydraulic limitations.
 - 5.1 Discharge points with identified problems (no.)
 - 5.2 Site area that drains to discharge point with identified problem (ac)
- 6. Off-Site Drainage Areas draining into the site could adversely affect adequate stormwater management for the proposed project.
 - 6.1 Off-site areas draining onto site (ac)
- 7. Conveyance Downstream conditions such as inadequate pipe or channel capacity could limit adequate drainage from the site.
 - 7.1 Known historic drainage problems (no.)
 - 7.2 In-line structures between site and 10% analysis point (no.)
 - 7.3 Stream channel condition degraded (yes/no)

Rating Value			
Number	Yes/No	Acres	%







